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PLANAR AND LAMELLAR ANTIFERROMAGNETISMS IN HUBBARD MODELS — COMPLEMENT

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Abstract. This complement to the paper *Planar and lamellar antiferromagnetisms in Hubbard models* [GKU] contains explicit formulæ for the effective potential due to quantum fluctuations, with on-site interactions and at order 4. Since the equations are really unelegant, this complement will not be published.

Notations are those of [GKU] and are not redefined here.

1. BOSONS

To write the effective potential in the 4th order, we decompose

$$\Psi^{(4)} = (\Psi_{\{x,y\}}^{(4)}) + (\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4)}) + (\Psi_{\{w,x,y,z\}}^{(4)}). \quad (1.1)$$

Analogously to (2.7) in [GKU], we define

$$\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xy,\sigma'}(g) = \begin{cases} \Phi_x(\hat{g}_x) + \Phi_y(\hat{g}_y) - \Phi_x(g_x) - \Phi_y(g_y) & \text{if } \hat{g}_{x\sigma}, \hat{g}_{x\sigma'} \geq 0 \text{ and } \hat{g}_{y\sigma}, \hat{g}_{y\sigma'} \leq N \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{g}_{x\sigma''} &= g_{x\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''} \\ \hat{g}_{y\sigma''} &= g_{y\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''} \end{aligned}$$

(we may have $\sigma = \sigma'$); from Assumption 2 in [GKU], $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xy,\sigma'}(g) \geq 2\Delta_0$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_{\{x,y\}}^{(4)}(g_{\{x,y\}}) &= - \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} |t_{xy,\sigma}|^4 \left[\frac{(g_{x\sigma} - 1)g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)(g_{y\sigma} + 2)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xy,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\ &\quad - \frac{[g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)]^2}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^3(g)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{x\sigma} + 1)g_{y\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 + x \leftrightarrow y \Big] \\ &\quad - \sum_{\substack{\sigma, \sigma' \in \Sigma^* \\ \sigma \neq \sigma'}} |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{xy,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)g_{x\sigma'}(g_{y\sigma'} + 1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \left(\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \right) \right. \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)g_{x\sigma'}(g_{y\sigma'} + 1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma} + 1)g_{y\sigma'}(g_{x\sigma'} + 1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yx,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yx,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 + x \leftrightarrow y \right]. \quad (1.3) \end{aligned}$$

To write down the effective potential acting on sets of 3 sites $\{x, y, z\}$, let us decompose further

$$\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4)} = \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma} + \sum_{\substack{\sigma, \sigma' \in \Sigma^* \\ \sigma \neq \sigma'}} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma\sigma'}. \quad (1.4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma} = & -|t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{yz,\sigma}|^2 \left[\frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)^2(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}g_{y\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\ & + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+2)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+2)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma}(g)} \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}g_{y\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)^2g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\ & - |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{xz,\sigma}|^2 \left[\frac{(g_{x\sigma}-1)g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xz,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{(g_{x\sigma}-1)g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xz,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\ & + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}^2(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma}(g)} \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}^2(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\ & + \text{permutations of } (x, y, z). \quad (1.5) \end{aligned}$$

Here, we defined

$$\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xz,\sigma'}(g) = \begin{cases} \Phi_x(\hat{g}_x) + \Phi_y(\hat{g}_y) + \Phi_z(\hat{g}_z) - \Phi_x(g_x) - \Phi_y(g_y) - \Phi_z(g_z) & \text{if } \hat{g}_{x\sigma}, \hat{g}_{x\sigma'} \geq 0 \text{ and } \hat{g}_{y\sigma}, \hat{g}_{z\sigma'} \leq N \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.6)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{g}_{x\sigma''} &= g_{x\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''} \\ \hat{g}_{y\sigma''} &= g_{y\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} \\ \hat{g}_{z\sigma''} &= g_{z\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''}, \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma'}(g) = \begin{cases} \Phi_x(\hat{g}_x) + \Phi_y(\hat{g}_y) + \Phi_z(\hat{g}_z) - \Phi_x(g_x) - \Phi_y(g_y) - \Phi_z(g_z) & \text{if } \hat{g}_{x\sigma}, g_{z\sigma'} \geq 0 \text{ and } \hat{g}_{y\sigma}, \hat{g}_{y\sigma'} \leq N \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.7)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{g}_{x\sigma''} &= g_{x\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} \\ \hat{g}_{y\sigma''} &= g_{y\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''} \\ \hat{g}_{z\sigma''} &= g_{z\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''}. \end{aligned}$$

(Both $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xz,\sigma'}(g)$ and $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)$ are greater than $3\Delta_0$, as a result of Assumption 2 in [GKU].)

The term involving different spins is equally beautiful:

$$\begin{aligned}
\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma\sigma'} = & -|t_{xy,\sigma}|^2|t_{yz,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\
& - |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2|t_{xz,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{x\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{x\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{x\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zx,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{x\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{x\sigma'}(g_{z\sigma'}+1)}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{x\sigma}(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{x\sigma'}+1)g_{z\sigma'}}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\
& + \text{permutations of } (x, y, z). \quad (1.8)
\end{aligned}$$

Here,

$$\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zx,\sigma'}(g) = \begin{cases} \Phi_x(\hat{g}_x) + \Phi_y(\hat{g}_y) + \Phi_z(\hat{g}_z) - \Phi_x(g_x) - \Phi_y(g_y) - \Phi_z(g_z) & \text{if } g_{x\sigma}, g_{z\sigma'} > 0 \text{ and } g_{x\sigma'}, g_{y\sigma} < N \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.9)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{g}_{x\sigma''} &= g_{x\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''} \\
\hat{g}_{y\sigma''} &= g_{y\sigma''} + \delta_{\sigma\sigma''} \\
\hat{g}_{z\sigma''} &= g_{z\sigma''} - \delta_{\sigma'\sigma''}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zx,\sigma'}(g) \geq 3\Delta_0).$$

The effective potential on sets of 4 sites is less cumbersome.

$$\begin{aligned}
\Psi_{\{w,x,y,z\}}^{(4)} = & - \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} t_{wx,\sigma} t_{xy,\sigma} t_{yz,\sigma} t_{zw,\sigma} \left[\frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+1)(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wz,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma}(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)[\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)]\phi_{wz,\sigma}(g)} \\
& \left. + \frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma}(g_{z\sigma}+1)}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)[\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)]\phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)(g_{y\sigma}+1)g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{g_{w\sigma}(g_{x\sigma}+1)g_{y\sigma}g_{z\sigma}}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} \right] \\
& + \text{permutations of } (w, x, y, z). \quad (1.10)
\end{aligned}$$

2. FERMIONS

As in the bosonic case, we decompose

$$\Psi^{(4)} = (\Psi_{\{x,y\}}^{(4)}) + (\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4)}) + (\Psi_{\{w,x,y,z\}}^{(4)}). \quad (2.1)$$

We define $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xy,\sigma'}(g)$, $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{xz,\sigma'}(g)$, $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)$, $\phi_{xy,\sigma}^{zx,\sigma'}(g)$ as before, by (1.2), (1.6), (1.7), (1.9) respectively (recall that in the case of fermions, we have $N = 1$).

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_{\{x,y\}}^{(4)}(g_{\{x,y\}}) = & - \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} |t_{xy,\sigma}|^4 \left[-\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^3(g)} + x \leftrightarrow y \right] \\ & - \sum_{\substack{\sigma, \sigma' \in \Sigma^* \\ \sigma \neq \sigma'}} |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{xy,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) \phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \left(\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \right) \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yx,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yx,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 + x \leftrightarrow y \right]. \quad (2.2) \end{aligned}$$

Again, we decompose

$$\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4)} = \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma} + \sum_{\substack{\sigma, \sigma' \in \Sigma^* \\ \sigma \neq \sigma'}} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma\sigma'}. \quad (2.3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma} = & -|t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{yz,\sigma}|^2 \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g) \phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\ & - |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2 |t_{xz,\sigma}|^2 \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g) \phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xz,\sigma}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\ & + \text{permutations of } (x, y, z). \quad (2.4) \end{aligned}$$

For the term involving different spins, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
\Psi_{\{x,y,z\}}^{(4),\sigma\sigma'} = & -|t_{xy,\sigma}|^2|t_{yz,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{yz,\sigma'}^{xy,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{yz,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zy,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\
& - |t_{xy,\sigma}|^2|t_{xz,\sigma'}|^2 \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{xz,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{xz,\sigma'}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{zx,\sigma'}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma'}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}^2(g)\phi_{xy,\sigma'}^{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{xz,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \left\{ \frac{1}{\phi_{xy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{zx,\sigma'}(g)} \right\}^2 \right] \\
& + \text{permutations of } (x, y, z). \quad (2.5)
\end{aligned}$$

Finally, for four distinct sites, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
\Psi_{\{w,x,y,z\}}^{(4)} = & - \sum_{\sigma \in \Sigma^*} t_{wx,\sigma} t_{xy,\sigma} t_{yz,\sigma} t_{zw,\sigma} \left[\frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wz,\sigma}(g)} \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{wy,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)[\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)]\phi_{wz,\sigma}(g)} \\
& \left. + \frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)[\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g) + \phi_{yz,\sigma}(g)]\phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zy,\sigma}(g)} + \frac{1}{\phi_{wx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{zx,\sigma}(g)\phi_{yx,\sigma}(g)} \right] \\
& + \text{permutations of } (w, x, y, z). \quad (2.6)
\end{aligned}$$

REFERENCES

- [GKU] Ch. Gruber, R. Kotecký and D. Ueltschi, *Planar and lamellar antiferromagnetisms in Hubbard models*, preprint (1999)